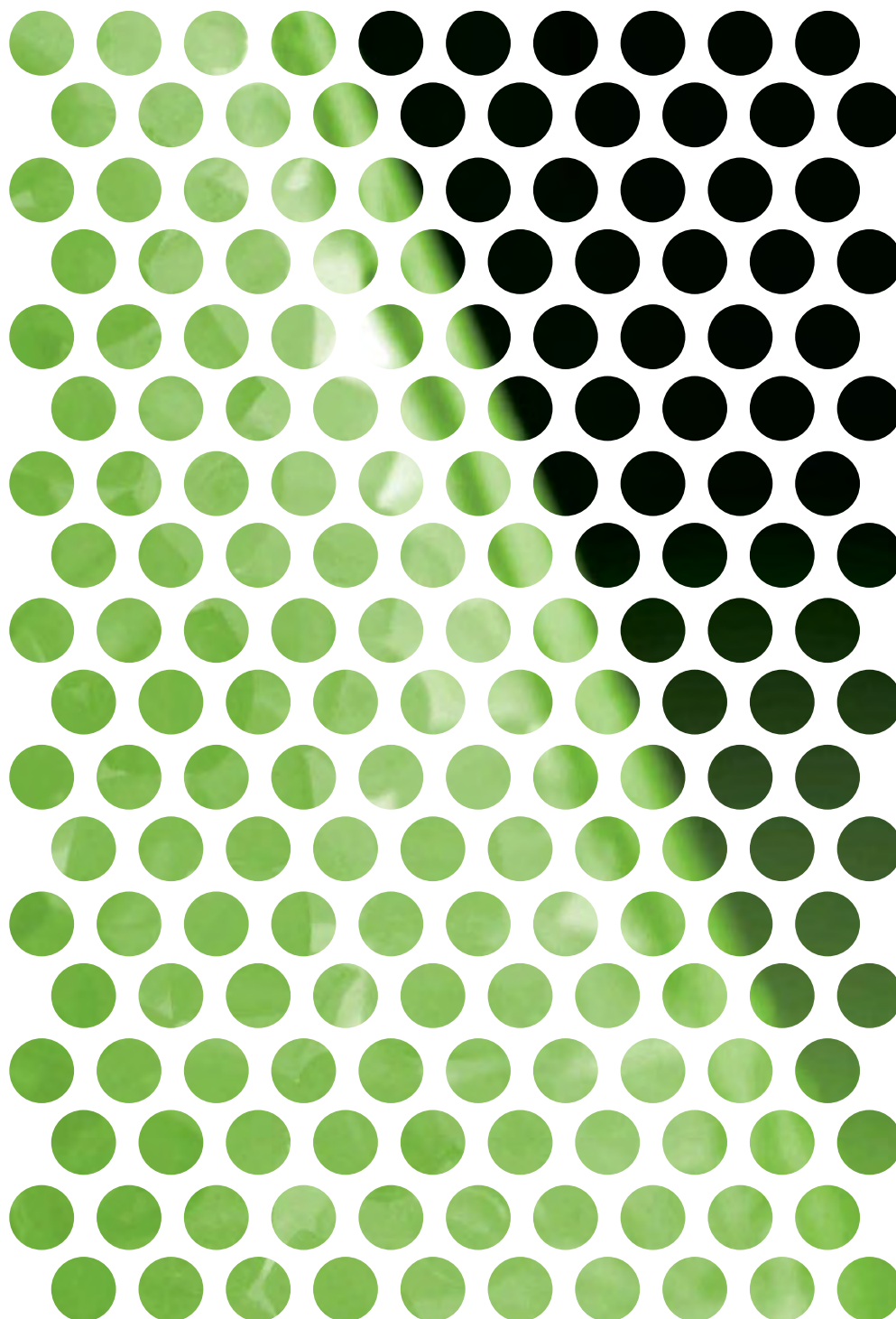


# RADIPOL® for MONOFILAMENT



## A wide range of products

Radici Chimica offers a wide range of polyamides designed for the extrusion of single and multi-strand monofilament for specific applications.

In the monofilament market, the goal is the continuous development of custom-made solutions. After a careful analysis of customer needs, Radici Chimica translates these requirements into critical polymer characteristics.

Radici Chimica always offers optimal solutions in line with market needs.

Among its polymers for monofilament, in addition to RADIPOL® A, polyamide 6.6, Radici Chimica has developed a complete line of long chain polyamides:

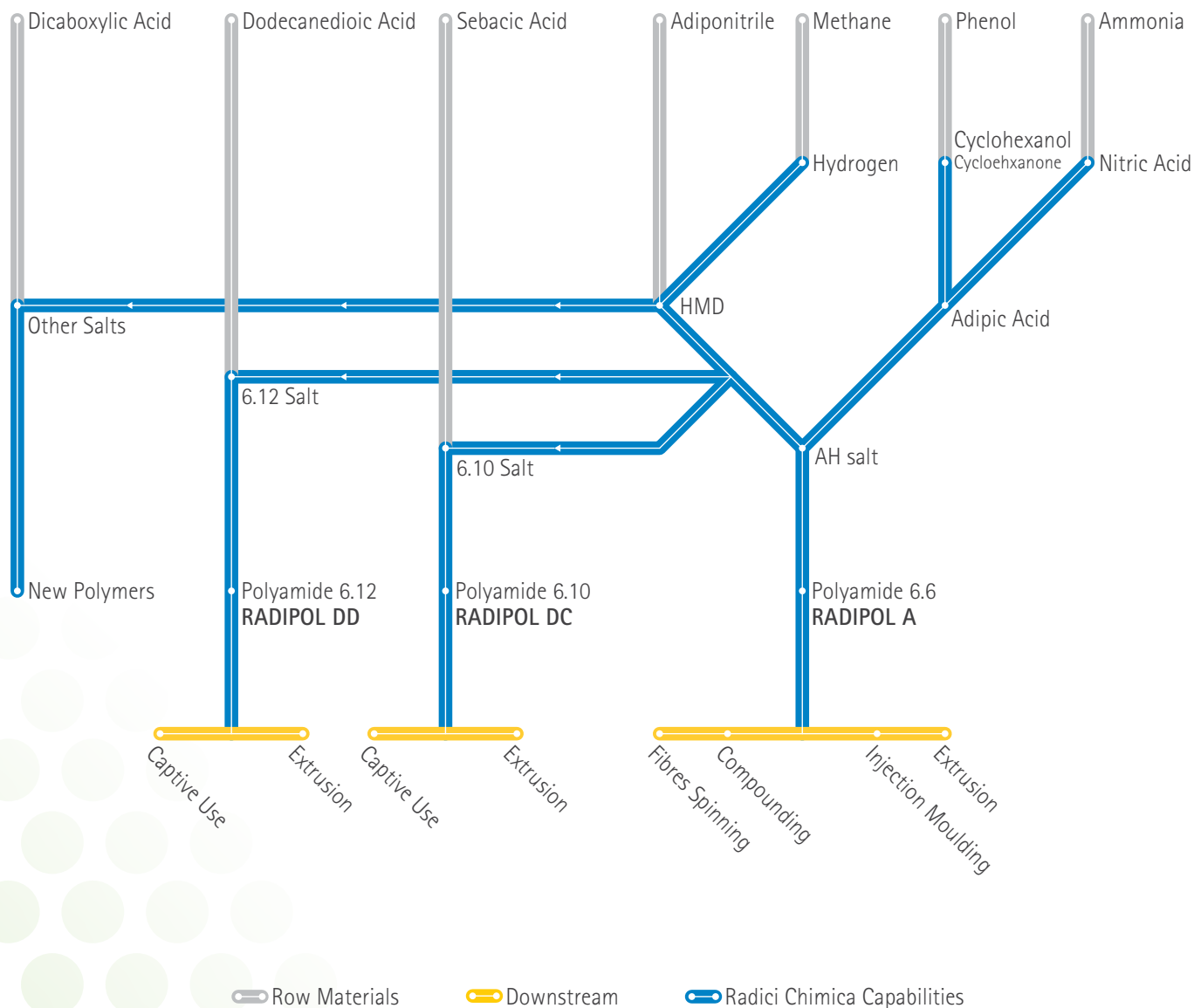
RADIPOL® DC, polyamide 6.10, and RADIPOL® DD, polyamide 6.12.

RADIPOL® DC is a bio-based product, partially derived from renewable sources, i.e. ricinus oil.



## SYNERGY AND INTEGRATION

An integrated production chain, this is one of the crucial elements of RadiciGroup competitiveness.



## RADIPOL® A

PA 6.6 grades offer:

- Excellent mechanical properties;
- High operating temperatures;
- Excellent resistance to chemical agents and oil;
- High abrasion resistance, especially for the medium and high molecular weight grades;
- Low fuel permeability.

Radici Chimica offers different viscosity grades for the manufacturing of monofilament with different diameters (usually from 0.09 to 0.25 mm), as well as a heat and light-stabilized high-viscosity grade suitable for highly technical applications, such as air bag and tire cord yarn.

**Typical Applications:** technical fibres, air bags, ropes, tire cord, hook and loop fasteners, filtration fabrics, industrial brushes.

## RADIPOL® DC

### PA 6.10 grades offer:

- Low moisture absorption, with values similar to traditional polyamides, such as PA 11 and PA 12;
- Dimensional stability in humid conditions;
- Excellent hydrolysis resistance;
- Superior peroxide resistance;
- Excellent elastic memory, better than traditional polyamides, which means higher bending resistance;
- Higher toughness and flexibility even at low temperatures;
- High dirt resistance;
- Bio-based origin, partially derived from renewable sources;
- Suitability for wet applications.

Radici Chimica guarantees the performance stability and durability of its bio-based grades, as its raw material procurement process control is fully integrated with the product development process and critical process parameters are carefully controlled. **Typical Applications:** Press felts, PMC sewing thread, dental care, filtration fabrics, industrial brushes.

## RADIPOL® DD

### PA 6.12 grades offer:

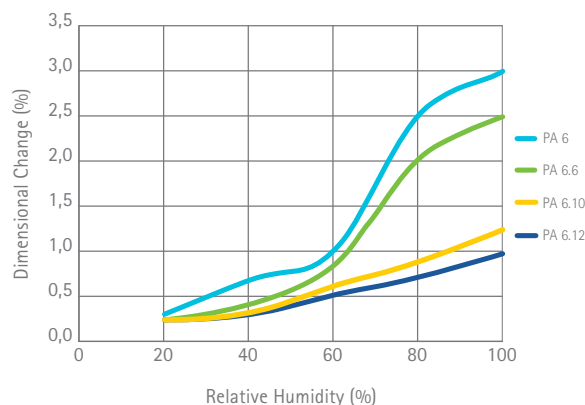
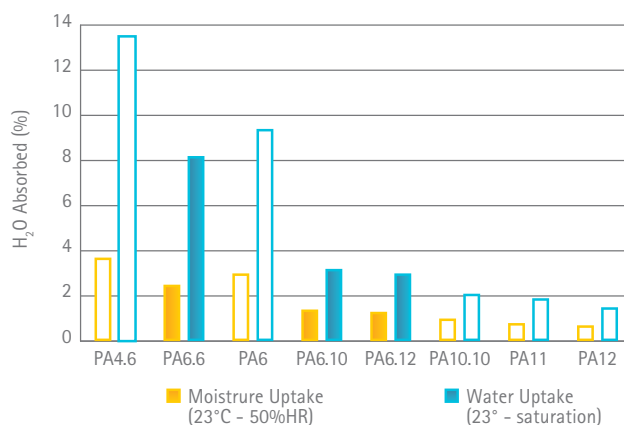
- Lower moisture absorption, with values similar to PA 11 and PA 12;
- Chemical resistance similar to PA12;
- Dimensional stability in humid conditions;
- Excellent hydrolysis resistance;
- Superior peroxide resistance;
- Excellent elastic memory, superior to traditional polyamides, which means higher bending.

Typical applications: dental care and toothbrushes, cosmetic application, industrial brushes, paper machine clothing, filtration fabrics, Industrial brushes.

## NYLON CHARACTERISTICS

### Water uptake

This is a typical characteristic of polyamide polymers and depends on frequency of amide group in the polymer chain. Water absorption causes change in dimension of components (the variation depends in part on thickness and processing conditions). This behaviour is more pronounced in polyamide with high frequency of amide group in polymer chain, like PA6 and PA6,6, and less in polyamide with lower frequency of amide group such as PA6,10 or PA6,12.



Source: Trade literature

Abrasion

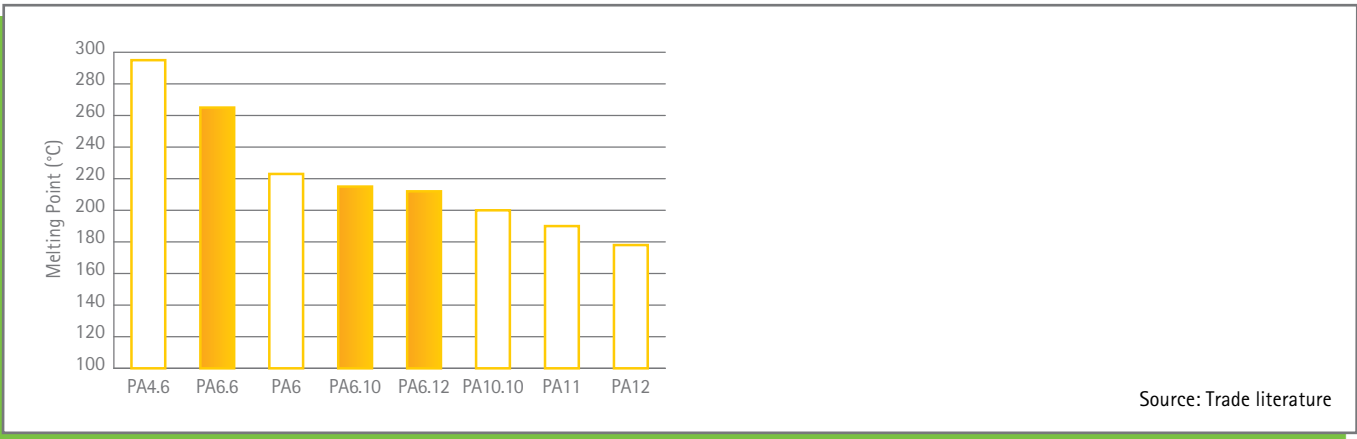
Nylon has excellent resistance to abrasion, and thus to wear. Polyamides with higher molecular weights have better abrasion resistance; polyamide 6.6 is the best among the polyamides currently on the market.

| TABER ABRASION OF NYLONS |      |                              |                          |        |       |
|--------------------------|------|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------|-------|
| Polyamide type           | PA 6 | PA 6.6<br>standard viscosity | PA 6.6<br>high viscosity | PA 610 | PA 12 |
| mg loss/1000 cycles      | 5    | 7                            | 4                        | 5      | 5     |

Source: Trade literature

Melting point

The melting point of linear nylon varies in proportion to the amide group concentration. PA 6.10 is an excellent compromise in terms of melting point and chemical resistance.



RADIPOL® A

Available grades - General properties

| Properties                     | Method        | Test Conditions         | Units  | Radipol® A45 | Radipol® A75 | Radipol® A95 | Radipol® A75K02 |
|--------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|
| Viscosity range                |               |                         |        | 2.60÷2.75    | 3.10÷3.40    | 3.10÷3.40    | 3÷3.40          |
| Physical Properties            |               |                         |        |              |              |              |                 |
| Density                        | ISO1183       |                         | kg/dm3 | 1.14         | 1.14         | 1.14         | 1.14            |
| Water absorption               | ISO62         | 23°C Saturation         | %      | 8            | 8            | 8            | 8               |
|                                |               | 23°C 50% r. u.          | %      | 3            | 3            | 3            | 3               |
| Mechanical Properties          |               |                         |        |              |              |              |                 |
| Tensile modulus                | ISO 527-2/1A  | DAM; vel. test 1mm/min  | MPa    | 3200         | 3000         | 2900         | 3000            |
| Yield stress                   | ISO 527-2/1A  | DAM; vel. test 5mm/min  | MPa    | 80           | 80           | 90           | 80              |
| Yield strain                   | ISO 527-2/1A  | DAM; vel. test 5mm/min  | %      | 4,4          | 4,4          | 4            | 4               |
| Nominal strain at break        | ISO 527-2/1A  | DAM; vel. test 50mm/min | %      | 40           | 61           | 50           | 62              |
| Flexural modulus               | ISO 178/1A    | DAM; vel. test 2mm/min  | MPa    | 2650         | 2700         | 2980         | 2700            |
| Flexural strength              | ISO 178/1A    | DAM; vel. test 2mm/min  | MPa    | 110          | 110          | 105          | 110             |
| Charpy impact strength         | ISO 179 eU    | DAM; T=23°C             | KJ/m2  | NB           | NB           | NB           | NB              |
| Charpy notched impact strength | ISO 179 eA    | DAM; T=23°C             | KJ/m2  | 5            | 5,5          | 8            | 5,5             |
| Thermal Properties             |               |                         |        |              |              |              |                 |
| Melting temperature            | ISO 11357-1-3 | Heating rate 10°C/min   | °C     | 262          | 262          | 262          | 262             |

## RADIPOL® DC

### Available grades - General properties

| Properties                     | Method        | Test conditions         | Units  | Radipol®<br>DC45D | Radipol®<br>DC75 | Radipol®<br>DC95 |
|--------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Viscosity range                |               |                         |        | 2.55÷2.75         | 3÷3.40           | 3.70÷4.10        |
| Physical Properties            |               |                         |        |                   |                  |                  |
| Density                        | ISO1183       |                         | Kg/dm3 | 1,08              | 1,08             | 1,08             |
| Water absorption               | ISO62         | 23°C Saturation         | %      | 3.2               | 3.2              | 3.2              |
|                                |               | 23°C 50% r. u.          | %      | 1.4               | 1.4              | 1.4              |
| Mechanical Properties          |               |                         |        |                   |                  |                  |
| Tensile modulus                | ISO 527-2/1A  | DAM; vel. test 1mm/min  | MPa    | 2200              | 2200             | 2200             |
| Yield stress                   | ISO 527-2/1A  | DAM; vel. test 5mm/min  | MPa    | 63                | 65               | 66               |
| Yield strain                   | ISO 527-2/1A  | DAM; vel. test 5mm/min  | %      | 4,8               | 4,5              | 4,4              |
| Nominal strain at break        | ISO 527-2/1A  | DAM; vel. test 50mm/min | %      | 78                | 60               | 40               |
| Flexural modulus               | ISO 178/1A    | DAM; vel. test 2mm/min  | MPa    | 2060              | 2000             | 1960             |
| Flexural strength              | ISO 178/1A    | DAM; vel. test 2mm/min  | MPa    | 83                | 83               | 83               |
| Charpy impact strength         | ISO 179 eU    | DAM; T=23°C             | KJ/m2  | NB                | NB               | NB               |
| Charpy notched impact strength | ISO 179 eA    | DAM; T=23°C             | KJ/m2  | 6,5               | 7                | 7,4              |
| Thermal Properties             |               |                         |        |                   |                  |                  |
| Melting temperature            | ISO 11357-1-3 | Heating rate 10°C/min   | °C     | 222               | 222              | 222              |

## RADIPOL® DD

### Available grades - General properties

| Properties                     | Method        | Test conditions         | Units  | Radipol®<br>DD45D | Radipol®<br>DD75 | Radipol®<br>DD95 |
|--------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Viscosity range                |               |                         |        | 2.50÷2.70         | 3÷3.40           | 3.70÷4.10        |
| Physical Properties            |               |                         |        |                   |                  |                  |
| Density                        | ISO1183       |                         | Kg/dm3 | 1.06              | 1.06             | 1.06             |
| Water absorption               | ISO62         | 23°Csaturation          | %      | 2.6               | 2.6              | 2.6              |
|                                |               | 23°C 50% r. u.          | %      | 1                 | 1                | 1                |
| Mechanical Properties          |               |                         |        |                   |                  |                  |
| Tensile modulus                | ISO 527-2/1A  | DAM; vel. test 1mm/min  | MPa    | 2315              | 2300             | 2230             |
| Yield stress                   | ISO 527-2/1A  | DAM; vel. test 5mm/min  | MPa    | 58                | 60               | 60               |
| Yield strain                   | ISO 527-2/1A  | DAM; vel. test 5mm/min  | %      | 5                 | 4                | 4.2              |
| Nominal strain at break        | ISO 527-2/1A  | DAM; vel. test 50mm/min | %      | >100              | >100             | 45               |
| Flexural modulus               | ISO 178/1A    | DAM; vel. test 2mm/min  | MPa    | 2415              | 2320             | 2220             |
| Flexural strength              | ISO 178/1A    | DAM; vel. test 2mm/min  | MPa    | 87                | 85               | 81               |
| Charpy impact strength         | ISO 179 eU    | DAM; T=23°C             | KJ/m2  | NB                | NB               | NB               |
| Charpy notched impact strength | ISO 179 eA    | DAM; T=23°C             | KJ/m2  | 4                 | 5                | 6                |
| Thermal Properties             |               |                         |        |                   |                  |                  |
| Melting temperature            | ISO 11357-1-3 | Heating rate 10°C/min   | °C     | 215               | 215              | 215              |



#### **RADICI CHIMICA SpA**

Production of: PA6.6 polymers (Radipol®), adipic and nitric acid, Hexamethylenediamine 6.6 salt, dicarboxylic acids mixture -AGS-, dicarboxylic acid esters (Radichem®).

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